## Psychology Curriculum Mapping 2019-2020 Wade Gall

Unit: What is Psychology?	Time: August 20	019
	Standards Taught	
<ul> <li>Psychological Science:</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>1.1- Define Psychology as</li> </ul>	a discipline and identify its goals a	s a science
<ul> <li>1.2- Describe the emerge</li> </ul>	nce of psychology as a scientific dis	cipline
<ul> <li>1.3- Describe perspective</li> </ul>	s employed to understand behavio	r and mental processes
2.2- Describe the major s	ubfields of Psychology	
Differentiation/Assessment:	Classroom Management and	What will the students be
	Environment:	doing?
Students who needed the extra	The classroom is set up with 10	To assess the students'
help received guided notes,	tables with 2 to 3 students per	knowledge of the information
extra time for	table. Allows for easy access to	that has been discussed the
assignments/quizzes/tests, and	discussion/group work. Overall	students completed:
shortened quizzes/tests.	the environment is structured	Bell Ringer Exercises
	and has rules and procedures in	<ul> <li>Lecture/Notes over</li> </ul>
	place.	Chapter 1
		<ul> <li>Assignments which</li> </ul>
		corresponded with the
		lesson.
		<ul> <li>Assessments</li> </ul>
Prior Knowledge Needed	Vocabulary	Assessments
I checked the students' prior	Psychology, Behavior; Cognitive	Guided Reading Worksheet(s)
knowledge of each lesson by	Activity; Theory; Basic Research;	filled out while reading the
having the students write down	Introspection; Structuralism;	Section/Lesson before going
as much information as they	Functionalism; Behaviorism;	over the lesson with
could about what they believed	Gestalt psychology;	Lecture/Notes
the chapter and sections would	psychoanalysis; biological,	
be about or would cover	cognitive, humanistic,	Writing Assessments over
	psychoanalytic, & learning	Module information covering
	perspectives, social learning	the students' thoughts/beliefs
	theory, sociocultural perspective	on the topics covered along with
		their explanations of those
		thoughts/beliefs
		Notes Quizzes/Test over the
		information that was covered in
		the Module
Reflection: Overall, this unit	Essential Questions:	•
1	What are the goals of Psychology?	
was effective. Students were	<ul> <li>wnat are the goals of Psy</li> </ul>	rcnology?
was effective. Students were very interested and inquisitive	<ul><li>What are the goals of Psy</li><li>How is psychology as scie</li></ul>	

about what psychology really

examines and the many different jobs that use	<ul> <li>What kind of work is done by psychologists according to their areas of specialization?</li> </ul>
psychology.	<ul> <li>What is the historical background of the study of psychology?</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>What are the six main contemporary perspectives of psychology?</li> </ul>

Unit: Biology & Behavior, Consciousness	Time: September 2019
Standards Taught	

• **Biological Behavior**: 1.1- Identify the major divisions and subdivisions of the human nervous system; 1.2- Identify the parts of the neuron and describe the basic process of neural transmission; 1.3 Differentiate between the structures & functions of the various parts of the central nervous system; 1.4- Describe lateralization of brain functions; 1.5- Discuss the mechanisms and the importance of plasticity in the nervous system; 2.1- Describe how the endocrine glands are linked to the nervous system; 2.2- Describe the effects of hormones on behavior and mental processes; 2.3-Desribe hormone effects on the immune system; 3.1- Describe concepts in genetic transmission; 3.2- Describe the interactive effects of heredity and environment; 3.3- Explain how evolved tendencies influence behavior; **Consciousness**: 1.1- Identify states of Consciousness, Distinguish between processing that is Conscious and other processing that happens without conscious awareness; 2.1- Describe the circadian rhythm and its relation to sleep; 2.2- Describe the sleep cycle; 2.3- Compare theories about the functions of sleep; 2.4- Describe types of sleep; 2.5- Compare theories about the functions of dreams; 4.1- Describe mediation and relaxation and their effects; 4.2- Describe hypnosis and controversies surrounding its nature and use

**Differentiation/Assessment: Classroom Management and** What will the students be **Environment:** doing? The classroom is set up with 10 Students who needed the extra To assess the students' help received guided notes, tables with 2 to 3 students per knowledge of the information extra time for that has been discussed the table. Allows for easy access to assignments/quizzes/tests, and discussion/group work. Overall students completed: shortened quizzes/tests. the environment is structured Bell Ringer Exercises and has rules and procedures in Lecture/Notes over place. Chapters 3 & 5 Assignments which corresponded with the lesson. **Assessments Prior Knowledge Needed** Vocabulary **Assessments** I checked the students' prior Guided Reading Worksheet(s) Central Nervous System, knowledge of each lesson by Peripheral Nervous System, filled out while reading the having the students write down Neuron, Cell Body, Dendrite, Section/Lesson before going as much information as they Axon, Axon Terminal, Synapse, over the lesson with could about what they believed Neurotransmitter, Somatic & Lecture/Notes the chapter and sections would Autonomic Nervous Systems, be about or would cover Medulla, Pons, Cerebellum,

thalamus, hypothalamus, limbic system, cerebrum, cerebral cortex, association area, endocrine system, hormone heredity, gene, chromosome, Consciousness, unconscious, circadian rhythm, rapid eye movement sleep; insomnia; night terror; sleep apnea, narcolepsy, meditation, biofeedback, hypnosis, addiction, depressant, intoxication, narcotic, stimulant, amphetamine, delusion, hallucinogen, detoxification

Writing Assessments over Module information covering the students' thoughts/beliefs on the topics covered along with their explanations of those thoughts/beliefs

Notes Quizzes/Test over the information that was covered in the Module

doing?

**Reflection:** Overall, the students liked the content of these two chapters. Students were very interested and inquisitive about how the body, all together, relays messages back and forth. They were also quite interested and what parts of the brain controlled what & what occurs if certain parts of the brain are damages. In chapter 5 the students really latched on to the effects of various drugs on the body and just what the body goes through when trying to detox from those drugs. The discussion on dreams and various sleeping problems was also a section that had a lot of questions from the students.

## **Essential Questions:**

- How are messages transmitted by neurons?
- What are the functions of the spinal cord and the peripheral nervous system?
- What are the major structures of the brain?
- What are the functions of the major structures of the brain?
- What are the hormones secreted by the endocrine system
   & what role do they play?
- What is the role of chromosomes and genes in heredity?
- What is the nature of Consciousness?
- What are the Stages of Sleep?
- How does meditation, biofeedback, and hypnosis relate to consciousness?
- Describe the various kinds of drugs and their effects on consciousness

Unit: Intelligence, Psychological Tes	sts Time: October 2	019	
Standards Taught			
<ul> <li>Intelligence: 1.1 Discuss Int</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Intelligence: 1.1 Discuss Intelligence as a general matter; 1.2- Discuss alternative</li> </ul>		
conceptualizations of intelligence; 1.3- Describe the extremes of Intelligence; 2.1- Discuss the			
history of intelligence testing, including historical use and misuse in the context of fairness;			
2.2-Indentify current methods of assessing human abilities; 2.3- Identify current methods of			
assessing human abilities; 2.3- Identify measures of and data on reliability and validity for			
intelligence test scores; 3.1- Discuss issues relate to the consequences of intelligence testing;			
3.2- Discuss the influences of biological, cultural, and environmental factors of Intelligence;			
Differentiation/Assessment:	Classroom Management and	What will the students be	

**Environment:** 

Students who needed the extra help received guided notes, extra time for assignments/quizzes/tests, and shortened quizzes/tests.

The classroom is set up with 10 tables with 2 to 3 students per table. Allows for easy access to discussion/group work. Overall the environment is structured and has rules and procedures in place.

To assess the students' knowledge of the information that has been discussed the students completed:

- Bell Ringer Exercises
- Lecture/Notes over Chapters 9 & 15
- Assignments which corresponded with the lesson.
- Assessments

## **Prior Knowledge Needed**

# I checked the students' prior knowledge of each lesson by having the students write down as much information as they could about what they believed the chapter and sections would be about or would cover

# Vocabulary

Achievement, Intelligence,
Mental Age, Reliability, validity,
mental retardation, gifted,
heritability, behavior rating
scale, standardized test, validity
scale, norm, norm groups,
achievement tests, aptitude
tests, forced choice formats,
objective & projective tests,
open-ended formats

Guided Reading Worksheet(s) filled out while reading the Section/Lesson before going

**Assessments** 

Section/Lesson before going over the lesson with Lecture/Notes

Writing Assessments over Module information covering the students' thoughts/beliefs on the topics covered along with their explanations of those thoughts/beliefs

Notes Quizzes/Test over the information that was covered in the Module

Reflection: Overall these chapters were effective in educating the students how to prepare better for various types of tests and also knowing the difference in different types of mental retardation and the difference between a savant and a prodigy. Also the difference between achievement, psychological, and personality tests.

## **Essential Questions:**

- What is intelligence and what are the various theories of Intelligences?
- What are the various types of Intelligence test and what are their various uses?
- What are the characteristics of mental retardation and qiftedness?
- What is the relationship between giftedness and creativity?
- How do heredity and environment influence intelligence?
- What are the purpose & characteristics of psychological tests?
- How are achievement, aptitude, & interest inventories used?
- What are the two kinds of personality test and how are they used?
- What are the strategies of taking tests and what are the ways to avoid test anxiety?

Unit: Stress & Health; Psychological Disorders Time: November 2019		
Standards Taught		
•		
Differentiation/Assessment:	Classroom Management and Environment:	What will the students be doing?
Students who needed the extra help received guided notes, extra time for assignments/quizzes/tests, and shortened quizzes/tests.	The classroom is set up with 10 tables with 2 to 3 students per table. Allows for easy access to discussion/group work. Overall the environment is structured and has rules and procedures in place.	To assess the students' knowledge of the information that has been discussed the students completed:  Bell Ringer Exercises  Lecture/Notes over Chapters 17 & 18  Assignments which corresponded with the lesson. Assessments
Prior Knowledge Needed	Vocabulary	Assessments
I checked the students' prior knowledge of each lesson by having the students write down as much information as they could about what they believed the chapter and sections would be about or would cover	Stress, Eustress, Distress, Stressor, Approach-Approach Conflict, Avoidance-Avoidance Conflict, Approach-Avoidance Conflict; Multiple Approach Avoidance Conflict; General Adaptation Syndrome; Defensive Coping; Active Coping; Psychological disorder; anxiety; phobia; simple phobia; agoraphobia; obsession; compulsion; PTSD; Dissociation; depersonalization; somatization; depression; bipolar disorder; mania; schizophrenia; catatonic stupor	Guided Reading Worksheet(s) filled out while reading the Section/Lesson before going over the lesson with Lecture/Notes  Writing Assessments over Module information covering the students' thoughts/beliefs on the topics covered along with their explanations of those thoughts/beliefs  Notes Quizzes/Test over the information that was covered in the Module
Reflection: The students were very interested in the material overall. The information about stress and what causes it as well as the different types of psychological disorders of anxiety and schizophrenia began a wide variety of question and answer sessions.	<ul> <li>What are the factors the stress?</li> <li>What are the effects to the what psychological factor disease, &amp; cancer?</li> <li>How do people cope with the what is the basis for class the types of any theories that explain the</li> </ul>	ors contribute to headaches, heart h stress? ssifying psychological disorders? exiety disorders & what are the m? d what are the symptoms of the

•	What are the theories that attempt to explain mood
	disorders?

Unit: Methods of Therapy, Social Cognition Time: December 2019		
	Standards Taught	
• Differentiation/Assessment:	Classroom Management and Environment:	What will the students be doing?
Students who needed the extra help received guided notes, extra time for assignments/quizzes/tests, and shortened quizzes/tests.	The classroom is set up with 10 tables with 2 to 3 students per table. Allows for easy access to discussion/group work. Overall the environment is structured and has rules and procedures in place.	To assess the students' knowledge of the information that has been discussed the students completed:  Bell Ringer Exercises  Lecture/Notes over Chapters 19 & 20  Assignments which corresponded with the lesson.  Assessments
Prior Knowledge Needed	Vocabulary	Assessments
I checked the students' prior knowledge of each lesson by having the students write down as much information as they could about what they believed the chapter and sections would be about or would cover	Psychotherapy; Self-Help groups; Encounter Groups; Free Association; Dream Analysis; manifest content; latent content; transference; humanistic, person-centered, nondirective, rational-emotive, therapies; active listening; antianxiety drug; antidepressant drug; lithium; antipsychotic drug; electroconvulsive therapy; psychosurgery; prefrontal lobe lobotomy; cognitive evaluation; cognitive anchor; persuasion; two-sided argument; sales resistance; prejudice; discrimination; scapegoat; social perception; primacy & resistance effect; self-serving bias; attraction; matching	Guided Reading Worksheet(s) filled out while reading the Section/Lesson before going over the lesson with Lecture/Notes  Writing Assessments over Module information covering the students' thoughts/beliefs on the topics covered along with their explanations of those thoughts/beliefs  Notes Quizzes/Test over the information that was covered in the Module

Reflection: Overall the students had many questions over the material and were very interested on most, if not all of the topics that were discussed in the chapter that led to some very interesting discussions.	triangular model of love; intimacy; passion; commitment  Essential Questions:  • What is psychotherapy & what are the advantages of each if its methods?  • What are the aims and major techniques of psychoanalysis?  • What are the primary goals and methods of humanistic therapy?  • What are the goals of Cognitive & behavioral therapy?  • What are the three major biological treatments for	
the topics that were discussed	psychoanalysis?	
•	therapy?	
	<ul> <li>What are attitudes and how are they related to behavior?</li> <li>What is the influence of persuasion affect people's attitudes/behavior?</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>What are the causes of prejudice &amp; how can it be overcome?</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>What is the role of attraction in friendships and love relationships?</li> </ul>	